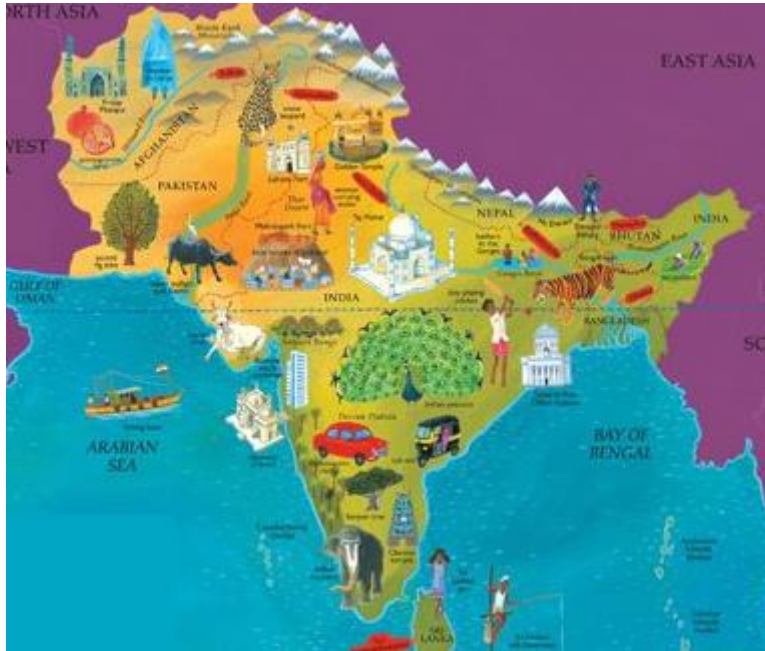


Knowledge Organiser - India (Geography)

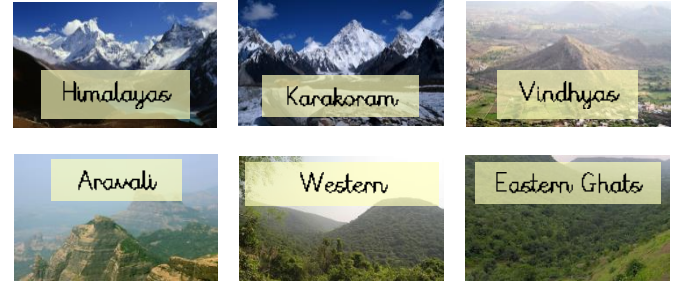



| Key Vocabulary | Definitions |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| City | A large and permanent settlement. |
| State | A larger area which is often governed by its own government. |
| Human features | The structures that have been built or made by humans. They are not natural objects. |
| Physical features | The natural environment of a city or area. |
| Climate | The observed weather conditions and patterns in a particular area over a long period of time. |
| River | A river is a body of fresh water that flows across the land towards the sea. |
| Mountain | When tectonic plates collide (hit) together with force pushing land upwards, forming mountains. |
| Culture | Culture is a pattern of behaviour shared by a society, or group of people. |

India is surrounded by three



Mountain ranges in



| India | |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Capital | New Delhi |
| Language | Hindi |
| Population | 1,364,273,970 (1.4 billion) |
| Currency | Indian Rupee (₹) (INR) |
| Flag |  |

Famous Landmarks



Six main climates in India:

1. Highland
2. Semi-arid
3. Humid sub-tropical
4. Tropical wet and dry
5. Tropical
6. Arid



Bordering Countries:

-  Pakistan
-  China
-  Bangladesh
-  Bhutan
-  Nepal

Important Cities in India:

Mumbai, Kolkata and Bangalore

Major rivers in India:

Ganges, Narmada and Indus